FOXFORD	Foxford YEAR 8 Learning Topic: Black Tudors Plan Autumn 1	Over the course of the topic, I will be able to: - Develop greater knowledge and understanding of key developments in the Tudor Age. Use historical scholarship to investigate who the Black Tudors were. Make inferences from historical scholarship about the lives
Key Vocabulary Armada	A fleet of ships sent by King Philip II of Spain to invade England, ruled by Elizabeth I, in 1588.	Make inferences from historical scholarship about the lives of the Black Tudors and their position in Tudor Britain.
Baptise/m	a ceremony that symbolises a commitment to living a life as a Christian.	of the Black Tudors and their position in Tudor Britain. Evaluate the position of Black Tudors in society and the extent to which they were accepted or rejected by society. Make informed challenges to the traditional narrative that all Black People prior to the arrival of the HMS Windrush were enslaved.
Blackamore/ Moor/ Moorish	Used to refer to a person with dark skin and./or who was muslim in the 15 th -18 th centuries. Traditionally associated with black servants and those enslaved North Africans who worked in wealthy European households in this time period.	
Diaspora	Refer to any people or racial group living outside their traditional homelands, emigrating and being scattered in distant places and making a new community.	
Dynasty	The ruling royal family of a country. E.g. the Tudor dynasty comprised Henry VII, Henry VIII, Edward VI, Mary I and Elizabeth I.	 By the end of the unit I will understand: 1. Who the Tudors were and the main events in their dynastic reign. 2. How historical scholarship can be used to investigate key time periods and
Mary Rose New World	One of the largest warships of Henry VIII's navy. Famously sank in 1545. The Old World were Africa, Asia and Europe; the New World	how it is created by historians. 3. That historically the Black Tudors played an important role in Tudor
Privateering	refers to newly discovered lands in the Americas. Acts of piracy authorised by a government or monarch.	4. The Black Tudors were not enslaved.
Reformation	The English Reformation began in the 1530s and was the process of reforming the Church in England. The Church was transformed from Catholic to Protestant Church of England.	5. The extent to which Black Tudors were accepted in Tudor society. TIF: Want to find out more? Use these links to begin your own enquiries into the lives of the Black Tudors. DAVID OLUSOGA
Reverend	A member of the clergy. They would have been Catholic before 1534 and Church of England Protestant after 1534.	On YouTube: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ut5gtrezN4E</u> Read about the Author Miranda Kaufmann: <u>http://www.mirandakaufmann.com/black-tudors.html</u> A newspaper review of Black Tudors: <u>https://www.theguardian.com/world/2017/oct/29/tudor-english-black-not-slave-in-sight-miranda-kaufmann-history</u> <u>https://www.history.co.uk/articles/black-tudors-the-fascinating-lives-of-africans-living-in-tudor-england</u> Read an alternative historians account: Black and British by David Olusoga.
Royal Standard	A royal flag carried to symbolise the presence of the monarch	
Trumpeteer	A skilled person who plays the trumpet.	
Tournament	A competitive event where competitors compete for a prize. The most popular tournaments of the Tudor Age were the jousting tournaments.	
Significant	A measure of historical importance of people and events in the short and long term. We use the 5 R's; Remembered, Remarkable, Resonant, Revealing, Resulting in change.	