Foxford Learning Plan

Year: 7
Topic: The Silk Roads

Term: Spring 2

Key Vocabulary:	
Merchant:	A person whose job is to buy and sell products in large amounts.
Missionary:	A person who has been sent to a place, usually a foreign country, to teach a religion to the people who live there
Commodity:	An item that is traded
Islamic World:	The regions where Islam was the main religion
Paizi:	A merchant passport introduced by the Mongols for merchants travelling on the Silk Roads
Caliphate:	A territory or empire ruled by a caliph, who is the political and religious leader of the Muslim world.
Bubonic Plague:	A deadly disease caused by bacteria that spread from rats and fleas to humans.
Ambassador:	An important official who works in a foreign country representing his or her own country there
Maritime Trade:	Transporting goods overseas between two countries
Exploration:	Travelling to and around a place, especially one where you have never been or few people have been before

Key Skills	Over the course of the topic, I will be able to display:
	AO1) Knowledge and understanding - Level of subject knowledge, grasp of historical terminology and contextual knowledge
	AO2) Explanation and analysis of historical concepts - Coherence of extended writing and Continuity and change
	AO3) Judgement and argument - Significance of events/issues, opinions on events/issues and the overall Importance of events/issues
	AO4) Analysis of historical sources - Provenance (Nature origin and purpose) of sources, evaluating the usefulness of sources
	AO5) Analysis of interpretations - Opinions of historians and differences of view in interpretations
	AO6: Oracy - **Speaking and listening discussion, use of historical language**
	AO7: Reading - **Comprehension and interpretation of texts, use of evidence and demonstration of disciplinary reading**

The Silk Roads c650-c1400

Did the Silk Roads unite or divide the ancient world?



What can we learn about the ancient world from items traded on the Silk Roads?



How did merchants, missionaries and explorers connect different cultures?



Why were the Silk Roads important for sharing knowledge?



Judgement assessment



How did Empires change and influence the Silk Roads?



How dangerous was travel on the Silk Roads?



Why was Samarkand a major Silk Roads city?

